

Supplement: javadoc Comments

For Introduction to Java Programming By Y. Daniel Liang

1 Introduction

Java supports comments of a special type, referred to as *javadoc comments*. javadoc comments begin with `/**` and end with `*/`. You can use javadoc comments to describe a class, an interface, data fields, and methods. The javadoc comments can be extracted into an HTML file using the JDK's [javadoc](#) command.

2 An Example

Listing 1 gives an example of a program with javadoc comments.

Listing 1 Loan.java

```
/** This class models a loan */
public class Loan {
    /** Data field: annual interest rate */
    private double annualInterestRate;

    /** Data field: number of years */
    private int numberOfYears;

    /** Data field: loan amount */
    private double loanAmount;

    /** Data field: loan creation date */
    private java.util.Date loanDate;

    /** Default constructor */
    public Loan() {
        this(2.5, 1, 1000);
    }

    /** Construct a loan with specified annual interest rate,
```

```
        number of years, and loan amount
    */
public Loan(double annualInterestRate, int numberOfYears,
            double loanAmount) {
    this.annualInterestRate = annualInterestRate;
    this.numberOfYears = numberOfYears;
    this.loanAmount = loanAmount;
    loanDate = new java.util.Date();
}

/** Return annualInterestRate */
public double getAnnualInterestRate() {
    return annualInterestRate;
}

/** Set a new annualInterestRate */
public void setAnnualInterestRate(double annualInterestRate) {
    this.annualInterestRate = annualInterestRate;
}

/** Return numberOfYears */
public int getNumberOfYears() {
    return numberOfYears;
}

/** Set a new numberOfYears */
public void setNumberOfYears(int numberOfYears) {
    this.numberOfYears = numberOfYears;
}

/** Return loanAmount */
public double getLoanAmount() {
```

```

    return loanAmount;
}

/** Set a newloanAmount */
public void setLoanAmount(double loanAmount) {
    this.loanAmount = loanAmount;
}

/** Find monthly payment */
public double getMonthlyPayment() {
    double monthlyInterestRate = annualInterestRate / 1200;
    double monthlyPayment = loanAmount * monthlyInterestRate / (1 -
        (1 / Math.pow(1 + monthlyInterestRate, numberOfYears * 12)));
    return monthlyPayment;
}

/** Find total payment */
public double getTotalPayment() {
    double totalPayment = getMonthlyPayment() * numberOfYears * 12;
    return totalPayment;
}

/** Return loan date */
public java.util.Date getLoanDate() {
    return loanDate;
}
}

```

3 Generating HTML Document

You can generate HTML document for the preceding program using the javadoc comment as follows:

javadoc Loan.java

This command processes the source code file Loan.java to generate Loan.html and its supporting HTML files. You can view Loan.html as shown in Figure 1.

Loan - Mozilla Firefox

file:///c:/drive/web/intro9e/supplement/Loan.html

Package Class Tree Deprecated Index Help

Prev Class Next Class Frames No Frames All Classes

Summary: Nested | Field | Constr | Method Detail: Field | Constr | Method

Class Loan

java.lang.Object
Loan

```
public class Loan
extends java.lang.Object
```

This class models a loan

Constructor Summary

Constructors

Constructor and Description
Loan () Default constructor
Loan(double annualInterestRate, int numberOfYears, double loanAmount) Construct a loan with specified annual interest rate, number of years, and loan amount

Method Summary

All Methods Instance Methods Concrete Methods

Modifier and Type	Method and Description
double	getAnnualInterestRate () Return annualInterestRate
double	getLoanAmount () Return loanAmount
java.util.Date	getLoanDate () Return loan date
double	getMonthlyPayment () Find monthly payment
int	getNumberOfYears () Return numberOfYears
double	getTotalPayment () Find total payment
void	setAnnualInterestRate(double annualInterestRate) Set a new annualInterestRate
void	setLoanAmount(double loanAmount) Set a new loanAmount
void	setNumberOfYears(int numberOfYears) Set a new numberOfYears

Methods inherited from class java.lang.Object

Figure 1 Loan.html is displayed in a browser.

3 javadoc Tags

You can use javadoc tags to specify the type of the information described in the comments. The commonly used tags are the following:

- `@author` [author name]: identifies the author(s) of a class or interface.
- `@version` [version]: gives the version of a class or interface.
- `@param` [parameter name] [parameter description]: describes the parameters in a method or constructor.
- `@return` [description of return]: describes a return value from a method.
- `@exception` [exception thrown] [exception description]: describes exception thrown from a method or a constructor.
- `@throws` [exception thrown] [exception description]: same as `@exception`

Listing 2 gives an example of using these tags.

Listing 2 Circle.java

```
/** This class models a circle
 *
 * @author Daniel Liang
 * @version 2.1
 */
public class Circle {
    /** Data field: the radius of a circle */
    private double radius;

    /** Construct a default circle */
    public Circle() {
    }

    /** Construct a circle with the specified radius
     * @param radius the radius of the circle
     */
    public Circle(double radius) {
        this.radius = radius;
    }
}
```

```
/** Return the radius
 * @return radius
 */
public double getRadius() {
    return radius;
}

/** Set a new radius
 * @param radius a new radius
 * @throws IllegalArgumentException if the radius is negative
 */
public void setRadius(double radius) {
    if (radius < 0)
        throw new IllegalArgumentException("Radius is negative");

    this.radius = radius;
}

/** Return area
 * @return the area of the circle
 */
public double getArea() {
    return radius * radius * Math.PI;
}
}
```

Figure 2 shows the HTML file generated from the javadoc comments in Circle.java.

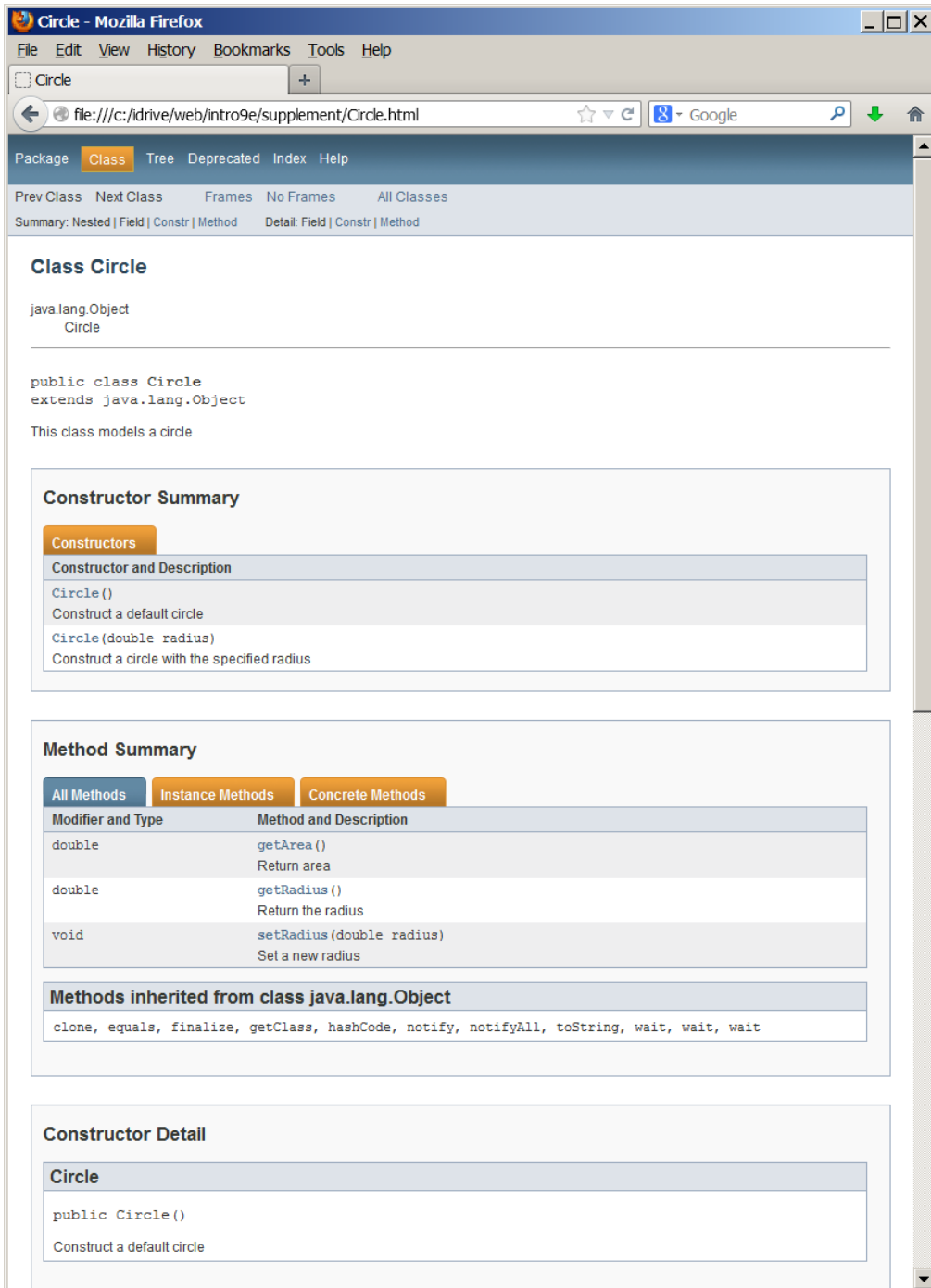


Figure 2 Circle.html is displayed in a browser.